

Western Australia Emergency Access Target

Performance Monthly Report

March 2018



What is the WA Emergency Access Target (WEAT)?

In January 2016, WA Health system established the WA Emergency Access Target (WEAT) to continue to drive local improvement in patient access to emergency services. This replaced the National Emergency Access Target (NEAT) following the expiry of the Commonwealth National Partnership Agreement on Improving Public Hospital Services in 2015.

The WEAT requires 90 per cent of all patients presenting to a hospital emergency department (ED) to be seen and admitted, transferred or discharged within four hours.

What hospitals does it cover?

Child and Adolescent Health Service (CAHS): Princess Margaret Hospital.

East Metropolitan Health Service (EMHS): Royal Perth Hospital, Armadale Hospital and St John of God Midland Public Hospital.

North Metropolitan Health Service (NMHS): Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital, King Edward Memorial Hospital and Joondalup Health Campus.

South Metropolitan Health Service (SMHS): Fiona Stanley Hospital, Rockingham General Hospital and Peel Health Campus.

WA Country Health Service (WACHS): Albany Hospital, Broome Hospital, Bunbury Hospital, Busselton Hospital, Carnarvon Hospital, Derby Hospital, Esperance Hospital, Geraldton Hospital, Hedland Health Campus, Kalgoorlie Hospital, Kununurra Hospital, Narrogin Hospital, Nickol Bay Hospital and Northam Hospital.

Providing the best care

All hospitals and Health Service Providers (HSPs) continue to examine and improve processes across the entire patient journey, from ED and the wards through to hospital discharge.

In 2016–17, Western Australia was the second best performing jurisdiction for patients treated and admitted, transferred or discharged within four hours.

What does this report show?

This performance report shows how HSPs (CAHS, EMHS, NMHS, SMHS and WACHS) are progressing towards the WEAT. For March 2018:

- The statewide number of ED attendances increased by 2.4% (1,898) from March 2017 (77,975) to March 2018 (79,873).
- The statewide WEAT performance improved from 77.3% for March 2017 to 77.5% for March 2018.
- The table of WEAT performance by HSP and hospital (page 4) shows that:
 - At HSP level, CAHS (87.1%) and WACHS (84.9%) were close to achieving target of 90%.
 - There was a significant improvement in WEAT performance for the month of March 2018 compared to March 2017 at the following hospitals:
 - Royal Perth Hospital: 75.7% compared to 70.5%.
 - Joondalup Health Campus: 75.2% compared to 62.9%.
 - Carnarvon Hospital: 91.0% compared to 80.5
 - Esperance Hospital: 85.4% compared to 76.1%.
 - Geraldton Hospital: 85.8% compared to 80.8%.

HSPs continue to drive improvement by implementing strategies that are based upon the foundations contained within the Western Australia Emergency Flow Report (May 2014) and more recently developed improvement strategies.

The report also includes total ED attendances, which show trends in demand, and in hospital mortality for admissions from ED which is monitored to ensure patient care remains of the highest priority.

Refer to the Notes section (page 34) and the WEAT Reporting Data Definitions and Business Rules (pages 35 to 37) for information on how to interpret the figures in this report.

Western Australian Emergency Access Target Performance – March 2018

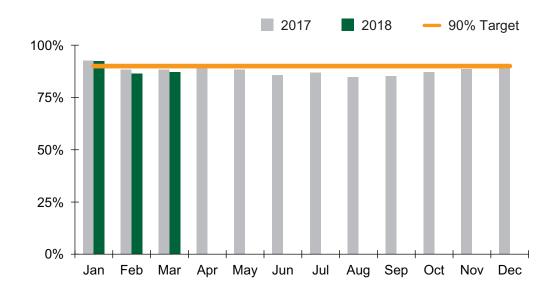
Health Service Provider	Numbe	r of Emerger Attendar	Percentage of Emergency Department Attendances with Length of Episode of Four Hours or Less					
	Mar 2017 Mar 20		Va	ariance	Mar 2017			riance#
Child and Adolescent Health S	ervice (CAHS)						
Princess Margaret Hospital	5,295	5,178	-	2.2%	88.3%	87.1%	-	1.2%
Total CAHS	5,295	5,178	1	2.2%	88.3%	87.1%	1	1.2%
East Metropolitan Health Servi	ce (EMHS)							
Royal Perth Hospital	6,199	6,378	1	2.9%	70.5%	75.7%	1	5.2%
Armadale Hospital	4,930	5,106		3.6%	72.9%	74.9%	1	2.1%
SJOG Midland Public Hospital	5,820	6,027	1	3.6%	72.0%	73.8%	1	1.7%
Total EMHS	16,949	17,511	1	3.3%	71.7%	74.8%	1	3.1%
North Metropolitan Health Ser	vice (NMHS)							
Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital	5,889	5,969	1	1.4%	77.5%	68.6%	-	8.9%
King Edward Memorial Hospital	1,074	1,001	-	6.8%	95.2%	92.7%	•	2.5%
Joondalup Health Campus	8,405	8,577	1	2.0%	62.9%	75.2%	1	12.3%
Total NMHS	15,368	15,547	1	1.2%	70.8%	73.8%	1	3.0%
South Metropolitan Health Ser	vice (SMHS)							
Fiona Stanley Hospital	8,877	9,169	1	3.3%	71.9%	67.4%	•	4.5%
Rockingham General Hospital	4,662	4,753	1	2.0%	78.4%	77.1%	-	1.3%
Peel Health Campus	3,627	3,762	1	3.7%	68.0%	69.5%	1	1.5%
Total SMHS	17,166	17,684	1	3.0%	72.8%	70.4%	1	2.4%
WA Country Health Service (W	ACHS)							
Albany Hospital	2,039	2,217	1	8.7%	86.9%	84.3%	-	2.6%
Broome Hospital	2,088	2,266	1	8.5%	89.7%	84.6%	1	5.1%
Bunbury Hospital	3,299	3,390	1	2.8%	85.8%	73.1%	1	12.7%
Busselton Hospital	1,822	1,868	1	2.5%	85.4%	87.3%	1	1.9%
Carvarvon Hospital	855	799		6.5%	80.5%	91.0%	1	10.5%
Derby Hospital	1,065	1,241	1	16.5%	90.9%	91.0%	1	0.1%
Esperance Hospital	883	862	•	2.4%	76.1%	85.4%	1	9.3%
Geraldton Hospital	2,559	2,519	•	1.6%	80.8%	85.8%	<u> </u>	5.0%
Hedland Health Campus	2,039	2,061	1	1.1%	92.5%	91.2%	-	1.3%
Kalgoorlie Hospital	2,176	2,194	<u>-</u>	0.8%	88.3%	88.7%	1	0.4%
Kununurra Hospital	899	1,206	<u>-</u>	34.1%	86.4%	86.7%	1	0.3%
Narrogin Hospital	659	675	<u>-</u>	2.4%	89.5%	84.9%	-	4.7%
Nickol Bay Hospital	1,764	1,648	•	6.6%	85.5%	84.3%	1	1.2%
Northam Hospital	1,050	1,007	1	4.1%	88.4%	86.1%	1	2.3%
Total WACHS	23,197	23,953	1	3.3%	86.4%	84.9%	1	1.4%
Statewide	77,975	79,873	•	2.4%	77.3%	77.5%	1	0.2%
Statewide (excluding Contracted Health Entities*)	60,123	61,507	1	2.3%	80.3%	78.6%	•	1.7%
Contracted Health Entities	17,852	18,366	1	2.9%	66.9%	73.6%	1	6.6%



Princess Margaret Hospital

March 2018				Compared to March 2017
5,178	total emergency department attendances		2.2%	decrease or 117 less emergency department attendances
87.1%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹		1.2%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
66.7%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	1.4%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
56.1%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	18.9%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
91.9%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	2.1%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	⇔	0.0%	no change in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 1: Princess Margaret Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less

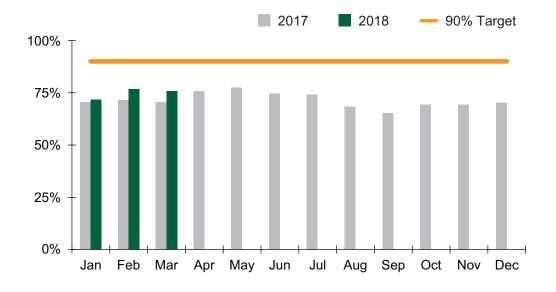




Royal Perth Hospital

March 2018				Compared to March 2017
6,378	total emergency department attendances	•	2.9%	increase or 179 more emergency department attendances
75.7%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	5.2%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
63.7%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	11.5%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
32.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	15.9%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
87.9%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	5.2%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.9%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.1%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

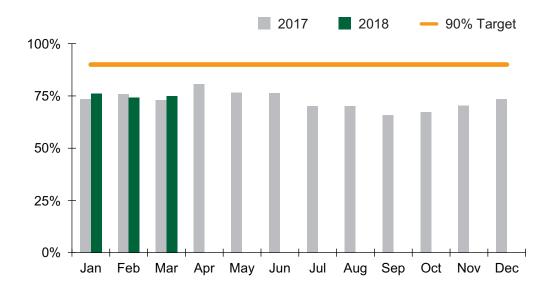
Figure 2: Royal Perth Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Armadale Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
5,106	total emergency department attendances	•	3.6%	increase or 176 more emergency department attendances
74.9%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	2.1%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
31.7%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.1%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
41.8%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	4.4%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
83.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	2.9%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.4%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.4%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

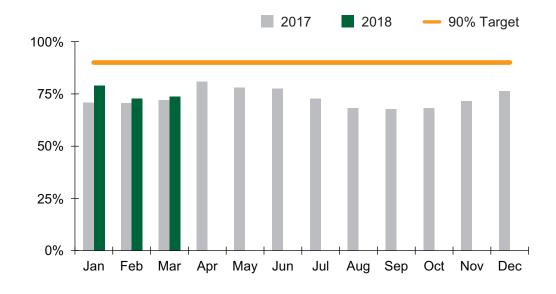
Figure 3: Armadale Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



St John of God Midland Public Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
6,027	total emergency department attendances	•	3.6%	increase or 207 more emergency department attendances
73.8%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	1.7%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
55.4%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	4.4%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
55.8%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	6.7%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
83.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	1.4%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.8%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	•	0.4%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 4: St John of God Midland Public Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less

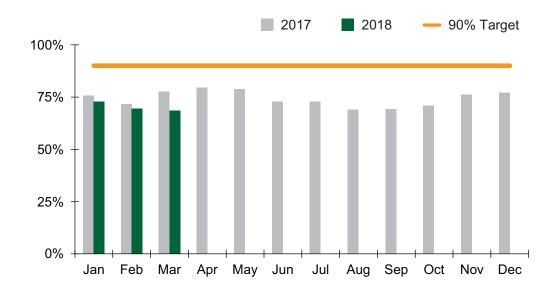




Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
5,969	total emergency department attendances	•	1.4%	increase or 80 more emergency department attendances
68.6%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	8.9%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
56.1%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	13.0%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
36.9%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	9.6%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
82.4%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	5.0%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
2.2%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	1.0%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

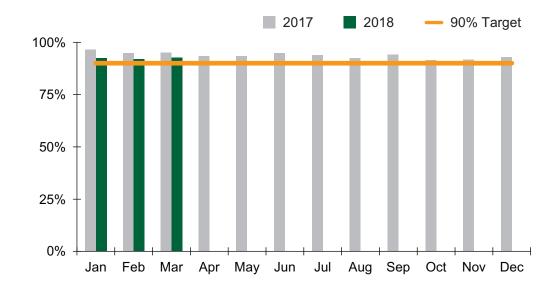
Figure 5: Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



King Edward Memorial Hospital

March 2018				Compared to March 2017
1,001	total emergency department attendances	•	6.8%	decrease or 73 less emergency department attendances
92.7%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	2.5%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
81.6%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	1.2%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
77.8%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	22.2%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
94.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	2.1%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	*	0.00%	no change in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

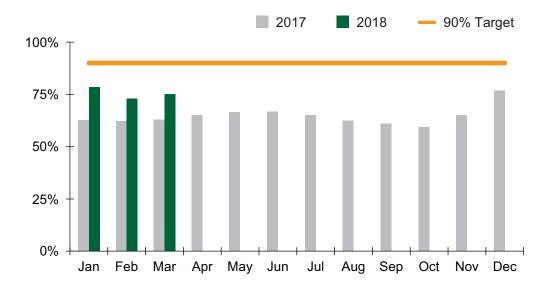
Figure 6: King Edward Memorial Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Joondalup Health Campus

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
8,577	total emergency department attendances	1	2.0%	increase or 172 more emergency department attendances
75.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	1	12.3%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
63.5%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	24.7%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
54.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹		5.3%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
83.8%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	10.1%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.9%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.3%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Joondalup Health Campus – Percentage of ED attendances with length Figure 7: of episode of four hours or less

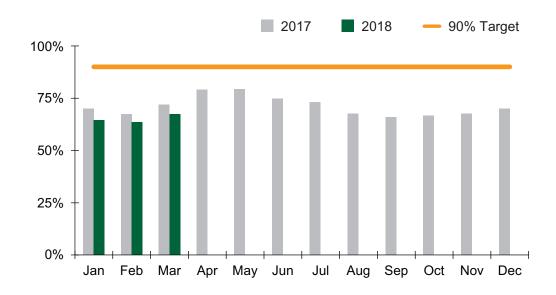




Fiona Stanley Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
9,169	total emergency department attendances	•	3.3%	increase or 292 more emergency department attendances
67.4%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	4.5%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
47.8%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	7.2%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
37.9%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	13.9%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
78.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.3%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
1.4%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.5%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

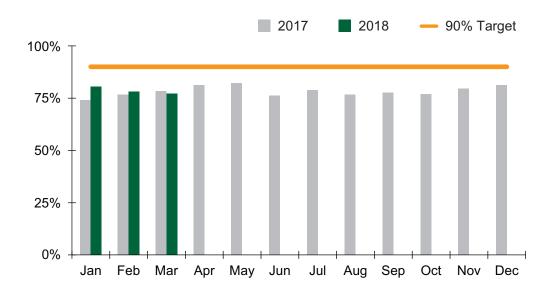
Figure 8: Fiona Stanley Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Rockingham General Hospital

March 2018				Compared to March 2017
4,753	total emergency department attendances	•	2.0%	increase or 91 more emergency department attendances
77.1%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	1.3%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
47.2%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.2%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
49.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.4%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
85.9%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	0.2%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.7%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.2%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

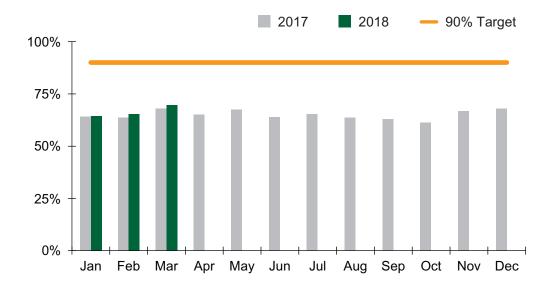
Figure 9: Rockingham General Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Peel Health Campus

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
3,762	total emergency department attendances	•	3.7%	increase or 135 more emergency department attendances
69.5%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	1.5%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
48.3%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.4%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
33.6%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.8%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
78.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	1.5%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.9%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.8%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 10: Peel Health Campus – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less





WA Country Health Service

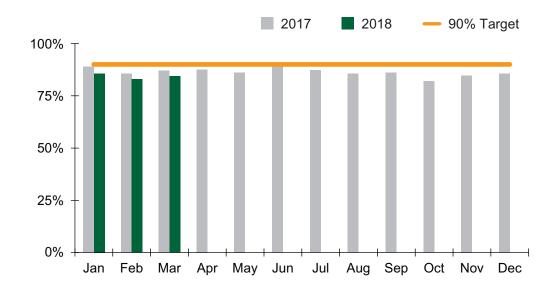
Albany Hospital
Broome Hospital
Bunbury Regional Hospital
Busselton Hospital
Carnarvon Hospital
Derby Hospital
Esperance Hospital

Geraldton Hospital
Hedland Health Campus
Kalgoorlie Hospital
Kununurra Hospital
Narrogin Hospital
Nickol Bay Hospital
Northam Hospital

Albany Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
2,217	total emergency department attendances	•	8.7%	increase or 178 more emergency department attendances
84.3%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	2.6%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
59.5%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	2.8%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
65.7%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	1.0%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
92.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	1.8%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.8%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.1%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

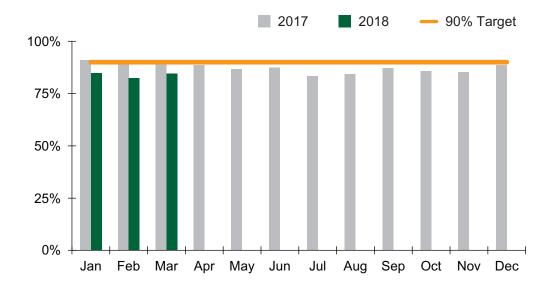
Figure 11: Albany Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Broome Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
2,266	total emergency department attendances	•	8.5%	increase or 178 more emergency department attendances
84.6%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	5.1%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
49.2%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	11.8%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
70.6%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.9%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
91.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.4%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.8%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.1%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

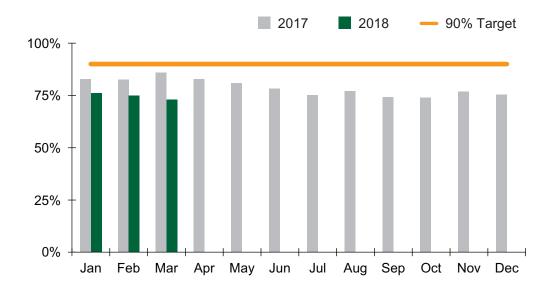
Figure 12: Broome Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Bunbury Regional Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
3,390	total emergency department attendances	•	2.8%	increase or 91 more emergency department attendances
73.1%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹		12.7%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
60.3%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	15.6%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
36.4%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	10.3%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
79.3%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	11.9%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.9%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.3%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

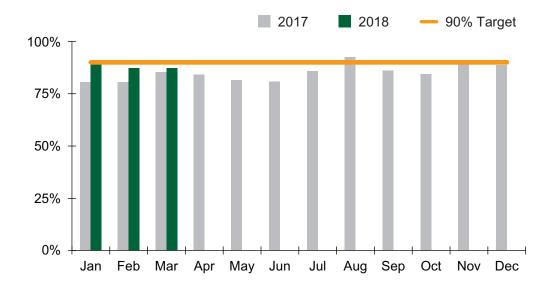
Figure 13: Bunbury Regional Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Busselton Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
1,868	total emergency department attendances	•	2.5%	increase or 46 more emergency department attendances
87.3%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	1	1.9%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
53.0%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	29.0%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
65.1%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	4.2%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
92.0%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	0.7%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
1.4%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department		4.0%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

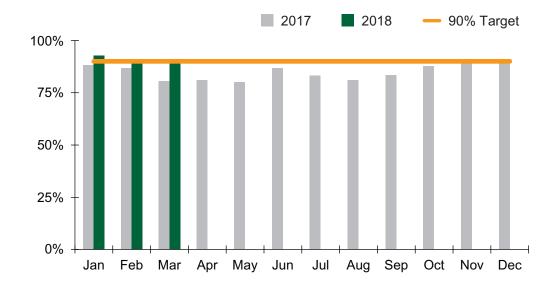
Figure 14: Busselton Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Carnarvon Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
799	total emergency department attendances	•	6.5%	decrease or 56 less emergency department attendances
91.0%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	10.5%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
57.6%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	41.0%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
22.2%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	7.2%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
94.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	6.4%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
1.9%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.5%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

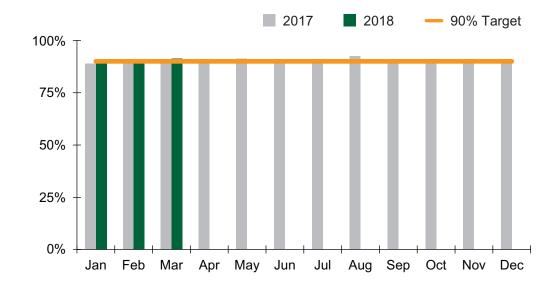
Figure 15: Carnarvon Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Derby Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
1,241	total emergency department attendances	•	16.5%	increase or 176 more emergency department attendances
91.0%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	1	0.1%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
57.9%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	+	0.1%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
55.6%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	11.1%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
95.0%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	0.04%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.9%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.9%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

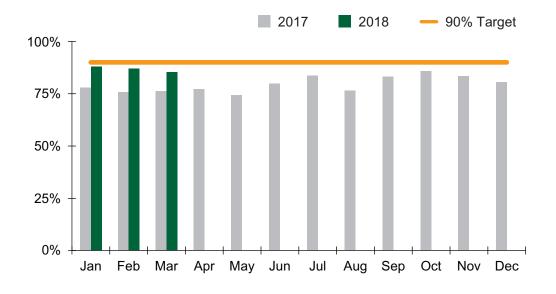
Figure 16: Derby Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Esperance Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
862	total emergency department attendances		2.4%	decrease or 21 less emergency department attendances
85.4%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	9.3%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
49.1%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	2.5%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
32.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	0.4%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less¹
92.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	10.9%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
2.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	1.1%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

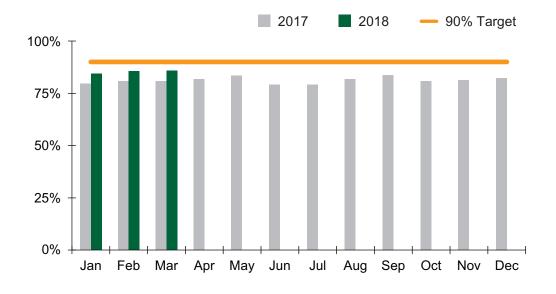
Figure 17: Esperance Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Geraldton Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
2,519	total emergency department attendances		1.6%	decrease or 40 less emergency department attendances
85.8%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	5.0%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
76.3%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	14.7%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
43.1%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹		5.6%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
89.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.2%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.6%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.2%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

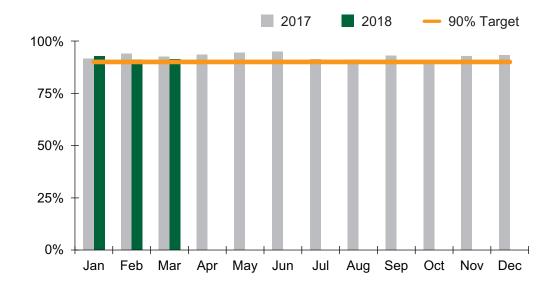
Figure 18: Geraldton Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Hedland Health Campus

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
2,061	total emergency department attendances	•	1.1%	increase or 22 more emergency department attendances
91.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	1.3%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
63.9%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less¹	•	7.1%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
53.8%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	7.7%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
95.6%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	0.4%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.4%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.4%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

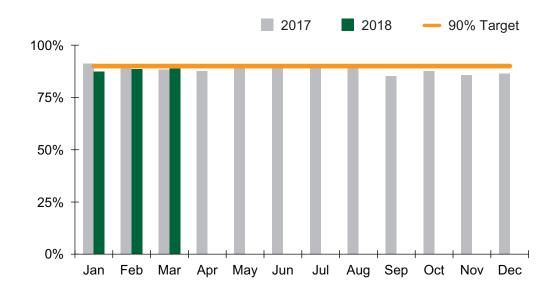
Figure 19: Hedland Health Campus – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Kalgoorlie Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
2,194	total emergency department attendances	1	0.8%	increase or 18 more emergency department attendances
88.7%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	0.4%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
59.4%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	4.9%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
67.6%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	26.0%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
93.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	+	1.4%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
0.3%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department		0.8%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

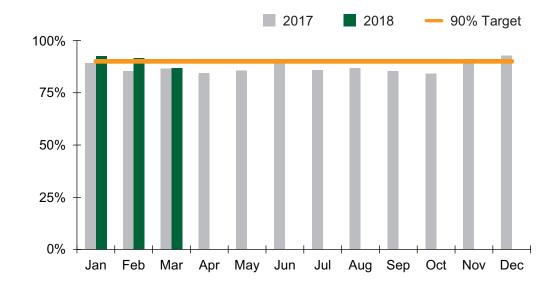
Figure 20: Kalgoorlie Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Kununurra Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
1,206	total emergency department attendances	•	34.1%	increase or 307 more emergency department attendances
86.7%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	0.3%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
48.6%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	6.4%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
28.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less1	1	28.0%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
93.3%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less¹	1	0.5%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
1.4%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	1.4%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

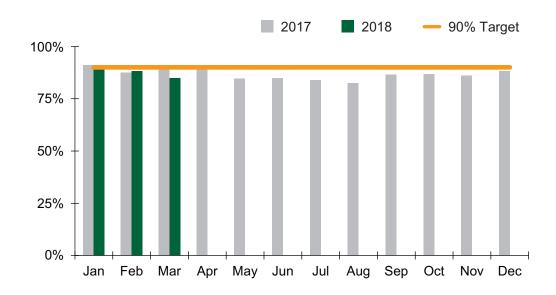
Figure 21: Kununurra Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Narrogin Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
675	total emergency department attendances	•	2.4%	increase or 16 more emergency department attendances
84.9%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	+	4.7%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
68.8%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	1	7.5%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
30.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	28.8%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
91.4%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	3.9%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
2.6%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	1.6%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

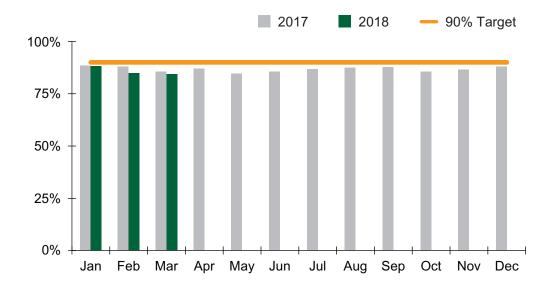
Figure 22: Narrogin Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Nickol Bay Hospital

	March 2018			Compared to March 2017
1,648	total emergency department attendances	•	6.6%	decrease or 116 less emergency department attendances
84.3%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	1.2%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
37.8%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	5.1%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹
40.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	14.1%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
90.3%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	1.2%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
1.1%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	1.1%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

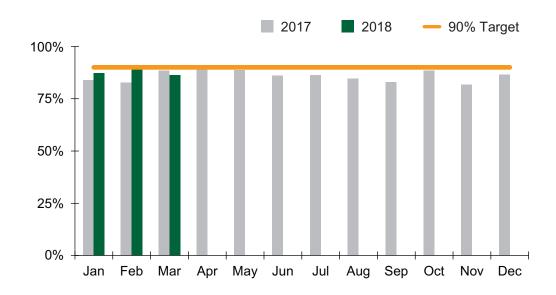
Figure 23: Nickol Bay Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Northam Hospital

March 2018		Compared to March 2017		
1,007	total emergency department attendances	•	4.1%	decrease or 43 less emergency department attendances
86.1%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less ¹	•	2.3%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less ¹
65.2%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	8.5%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less¹
62.3%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	8.4%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less ¹
92.0%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹	•	1.2%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less ¹
2.3%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	1.0%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 24: Northam Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



Notes:

Figures shown in the tables are preliminary and subject to change due to record review.

The target for all sites is 90% for 2018 and has been implemented as a part of the Western Australia Emergency Access Target (WEAT).

WA health system refers to the public health system in WA as defined in Section 19(1) of the Health Services Act 2016. The WA health system comprises the Department of Health, Health Service Providers and contracted health entities 'CHE' (to the extent that CHE provide health services to the State).

- Contracted Health Entities are Joondalup Health Campus, Peel Health Campus and SJOG Midland Hospital.
- Figures are rounded to one decimal place. The variance is calculated using actual numbers that contain more than one decimal place, therefore the variance presented may be slightly different to those calculated using the rounded figures.
- Length of Episode refers to the duration in the emergency department which is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient leaves the emergency department.

Western Australia Emergency Access Target (WEAT) – Reporting Data Definitions and Business Rules

1: Emergency department attendances			
Definition:	The total number of all emergency department (ED) attendances.		
Guide for use:	Includes all episodes where a patient presented at the emergency department and was registered in any manner in one of the electronic data collection systems.		
Purpose:	To provide a fundamental measure of activity levels within emergency departments.		
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.		
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.		
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.		
Data extraction:	Emergency Department Data Collection (EDDC) (10/04/2018).		
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.		

2: Emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less	
Definition:	The percentage of all emergency department attendances where the time to admit, transfer or discharge the patient from the emergency department was within four hours of their presentation.
Guide for use:	Includes all valid attendances. Excludes patients that had an invalid presentation or departure time. Data is expressed as a percentage. Length of episode is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient leaves the emergency department.
Purpose:	To monitor and improve timely access to emergency care for all emergency department attendances.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	EDDC (10/04/2018).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

3: Emergency department admissions with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less	
Definition:	The percentage of all admissions from the emergency department where the time to admit the patient to a ward was within four hours of their presentation.
Guide for use:	An admission process is the process whereby the hospital accepts responsibility for the patient's care and/or treatment. Includes all attendances that were admitted.
	Excludes patients that had an invalid presentation or departure time.
	Data is expressed as a percentage.
	Length of episode is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient leaves the emergency department by being admitted to a ward (including Short Stay Unit).
Purpose:	To monitor and improve timely access to emergency care for emergency department patients who are admitted to a hospital inpatient ward.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	EDDC (10/04/2018).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

4: Emergency department transfers with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less	
Definition:	The percentage of all emergency department transfers where the time to transfer the patient to another hospital was within four hours of their presentation.
Guide for use:	Includes all attendances that were transferred to another hospital on ED departure. Excludes records with an invalid presentation or departure time. Data is expressed as a percentage. Length of episode is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient leaves the emergency department to be transferred to another hospital.
Purpose:	To monitor and improve timely access to emergency care for emergency department patients who are transferred to another hospital.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	EDDC (10/04/2018).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

5: Emergency department departures with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less	
Definition:	The percentage of emergency attendances who were discharged to home within four hours of their presentation.
Guide for use:	Includes all attendances that were not admitted or transferred. Excludes records with an invalid presentation or departure time. Data is expressed as a percentage. Length of episode is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient is discharged from the emergency department.
Purpose:	To monitor and improve timely access to emergency care for emergency department patients who are discharged to home.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	EDDC (10/04/2018).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

6: Percentage of in hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department		
Definition:	The percentage of hospital inpatients who were admitted from emergency department and subsequently deceased during the hospital stay.	
Guide for use:	Excludes patients that are deceased in the emergency department who are not admitted and patients directly admitted to a hospital ward.	
Purpose:	To monitor and improve quality of care for patients who are admitted to a hospital inpatient ward from emergency department.	
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.	
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.	
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.	
Data extraction:	EDDC (10/04/2018).	
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.	

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