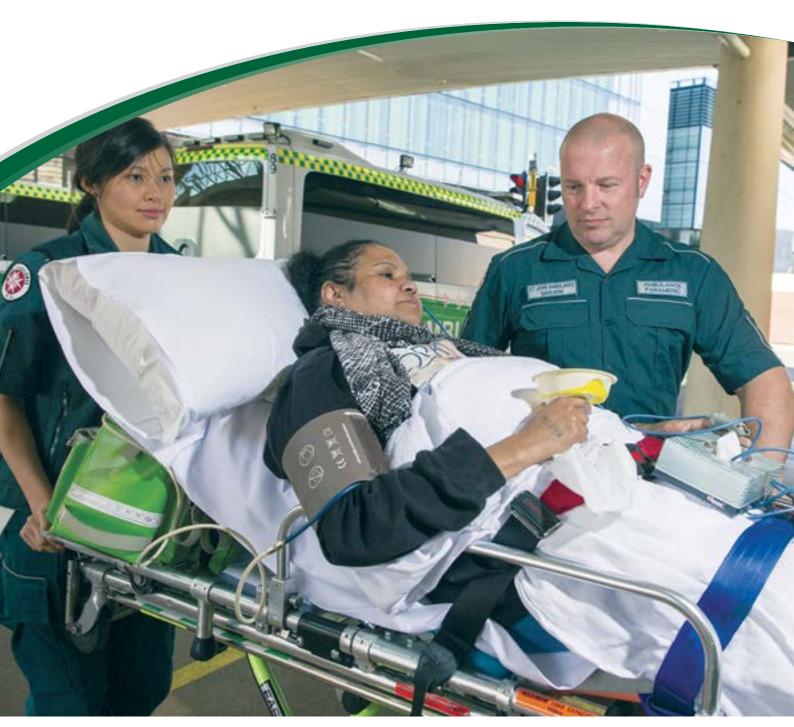


## Western Australia Emergency Access Target

Performance Monthly Report

March 2019



#### What is the WA Emergency Access Target (WEAT)?

In January 2016, WA Health system established the WA Emergency Access Target (WEAT) to continue to drive local improvement in patient access to emergency services. This replaced the National Emergency Access Target (NEAT) following the expiry of the Commonwealth National Partnership Agreement on Improving Public Hospital Services in 2015.

The WEAT requires 90 per cent of all patients presenting to a hospital emergency department (ED) to be seen and admitted, transferred or discharged within four hours.

#### What hospitals does it cover?

Child and Adolescent Health Service (CAHS): Perth Children's Hospital and Princess Margaret Hospital.

**East Metropolitan Health Service (EMHS):** Royal Perth Hospital, Armadale Health Service and St John of God Midland Public Hospital.

**North Metropolitan Health Service (NMHS):** Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital, King Edward Memorial Hospital and Joondalup Health Campus.

**South Metropolitan Health Service (SMHS):** Fiona Stanley Hospital, Rockingham General Hospital and Peel Health Campus.

**WA Country Health Service (WACHS):** Albany Hospital, Broome Hospital, Bunbury Hospital, Busselton Hospital, Carnarvon Hospital, Derby Hospital, Esperance Hospital, Geraldton Hospital, Hedland Health Campus, Kalgoorlie Hospital, Karratha Health Campus, Kununurra Hospital, Narrogin Hospital and Northam Hospital.

#### Providing the best care

All hospitals and Health Service Providers (HSPs) continue to examine and improve processes across the entire patient journey, from ED and the wards through to hospital discharge.

In 2017–18, Western Australia was the best performing state for patients treated and admitted, transferred or discharged within four hours.

#### What does this report show?

This performance report shows how HSPs (CAHS, EMHS, NMHS, SMHS and WACHS) are progressing towards the WEAT. For March 2019:

- The statewide number of ED attendances increased by 3.9% (3,098) from March 2018 (79,874) compared to March 2019 (82,972).
- The statewide WEAT performance decreased from 77.5% for March 2018 compared to 76.1% for March 2019
- The table of WEAT performance by HSP and hospital (page 4) shows that:
  - At HSP level, CAHS (90.2%) achieved the target of 90%.
  - There was an improvement in WEAT performance from March 2018 when compared to March 2019 at the following hospitals:
    - Perth Children's Hospital/PMH: 87.1% compared to 90.2%.
    - Fiona Stanley Hospital: 67.3% compared to 73.9%.
    - Rockingham General Hospital: 77.1% compared to 81.3%
    - Broome Hospital: 84.6% compared to 88.5%.
    - Derby Hospital: 91.0% compared to 96.2%.
    - Geraldton Hospital: 85.7% compared to 88.4%

- Hedland Health Campus: 91.2% compared to 95.4%.
- Kununurra Hospital: 86.7% compared to 90.7%.

HSPs continue to drive improvement by implementing strategies that are based upon the foundations contained within the Western Australia Emergency Flow Report (May 2014) and more recently developed improvement strategies.

The report also includes total ED attendances, which show trends in demand, and in hospital mortality for admissions from ED which is monitored to ensure patient care remains of the highest priority.

Refer to the Notes section (page 34) and the WEAT Reporting Data Definitions and Business Rules (pages 35 to 37) for information on how to interpret the figures in this report.

## WA Emergency Access Target Performance – March 2019

Health Service Provider	Numbe	r of Emergen Attendan	•	artment	Percentage of Emergency Department Attendances with Length of Episode of Four Hours or Less				
	Mar 2018 Mar 2019		Va	ariance	Mar 2018	Mar 2019	Va	Variance#	
<b>Child and Adolescent Health So</b>	ervice (CAHS	)							
Perth Children's Hospital/PMH*	5,178	5,720	1	10.5%	87.1%	90.2%	1	3.2%	
Total CAHS	5,178	5,720	1	10.5%	87.1%	90.2%	1	3.2%	
East Metropolitan Health Servi	ce (EMHS)			ı					
Royal Perth Hospital	6,378	6,545	1	2.6%	75.7%	66.9%	•	8.8%	
Armadale Health Service	5,106	5,396	1	5.7%	74.9%	75.6%	1	0.7%	
SJOG Midland Public Hospital	6,027	6,682	1	10.9%	73.8%	66.6%	-	7.2%	
Total EMHS	17,511	18,623		6.4%	74.8%	69.3%	-	5.5%	
North Metropolitan Health Ser	vice (NMHS)			I					
Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital	5,969	6,379	1	6.9%	68.5%	66.2%	•	2.4%	
King Edward Memorial Hospital	1,001	958	-	4.3%	92.7%	91.9%	-	0.8%	
Joondalup Health Campus	8,577	8,799	1	2.6%	75.2%	63.7%	-	11.5%	
Total NMHS	15,547	16,136		3.8%	73.8%	66.3%	-	7.4%	
South Metropolitan Health Ser	vice (SMHS)								
Fiona Stanley Hospital	9,169	9,743	1	6.3%	67.3%	73.9%	1	6.5%	
Rockingham General Hospital	4,753	4,902	1	3.1%	77.1%	81.3%	1	4.2%	
Peel Health Campus	3,762	3,751	-	0.3%	69.5%	69.9%		0.4%	
Total SMHS	17,684	18,396	1	4.0%	70.4%	75.0%	1	4.6%	
<b>WA Country Health Service (W</b>	ACHS)								
Albany Hospital	2,217	2,281		2.9%	84.3%	85.2%	1	0.9%	
Broome Hospital	2,266	2,146	-	5.3%	84.6%	88.5%		4.0%	
Bunbury Hospital	3,390	3,602		6.3%	73.1%	71.2%	-	1.9%	
Busselton Hospital	1,868	2,014	1	7.8%	87.3%	87.3%	<b>*</b>	0.0%	
Carvarvon Hospital	799	775	+	3.0%	91.0%	89.5%	-	1.4%	
Derby Hospital	1,241	1,117	1	10.0%	91.0%	96.2%	1	5.2%	
Esperance Hospital	863	847	#	1.9%	85.4%	82.5%	#	2.9%	
Geraldton Hospital	2,519	2,564	1	1.8%	85.7%	88.4%	1	2.6%	
Hedland Health Campus	2,061	1,913	-	7.2%	91.2%	95.4%	1	4.2%	
Kalgoorlie Hospital	2,194	2,247	1	2.4%	88.7%	83.8%	-	4.9%	
Karratha Health Campus/ Nickol Bay Hospital*	1,648	1,595	•	3.2%	84.3%	81.2%		3.2%	
Kununurra Hospital	1,206	1,264	1	4.8%	86.7%	90.7%	1	4.0%	
Narrogin Hospital	675	679	1	0.6%	84.9%	87.9%	1	3.1%	
Northam Hospital	1,007	1,053	1	4.6%	86.1%	88.2%	1	2.1%	
Total WACHS	23,954	24,097	1	0.6%	84.9%	85.4%	1	0.4%	
Statewide	79,874	82,972	1	3.9%	77.5%	76.1%	+	1.4%	
Statewide (excluding Contracted Health Entities*)	61,508	63,740	<b>1</b>	3.6%	78.6%	79.2%	<b>1</b>	0.6%	
Contracted Health Entities	18,366	19,232	1	4.7%	73.6%	65.9%	1	7.7%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>+</sup> Data prior to June 2018 represents Princess Margaret Hospital and data from July 2018 represents Perth Children's Hospital.

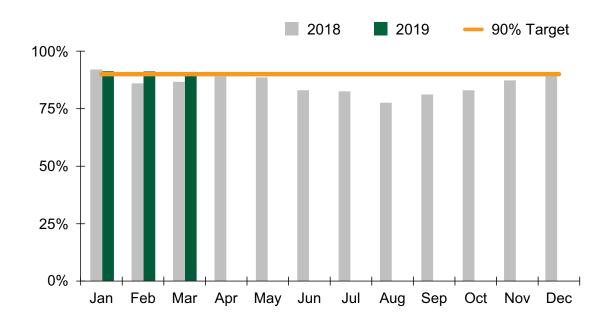
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>\*</sup> Data prior to August 2018 represents Nickol Bay Hospital and data from October 2018 represents Karratha Health Campus.



#### Perth Children's Hospital/Princess Margaret Hospital for Children

March 2019				Compared to March 2018
5,720	total emergency department attendances	•	10.5%	increase or 542 more emergency department attendances
90.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.2%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
69.9%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.2%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
58.8%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	2.7%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
95.3%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.4%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.3%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	•	0.3%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 1: Perth Children's Hospital/Princess Margaret Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less

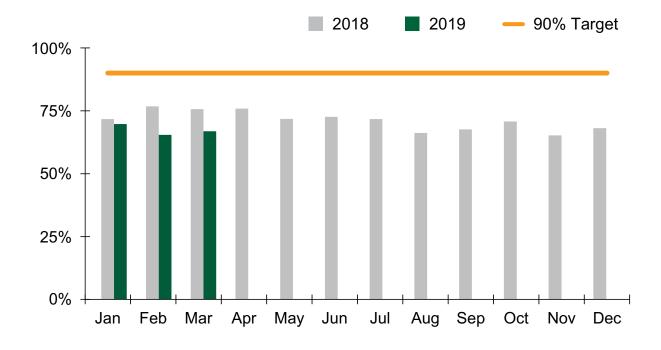




#### Royal Perth Hospital

March 2019				Compared to March 2018
6,545	total emergency department attendances	•	2.6%	increase or 167 more emergency department attendances
66.9%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	8.8%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
50.7%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	13.1%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
35.7%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.8%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
80.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	7.5%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.1%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

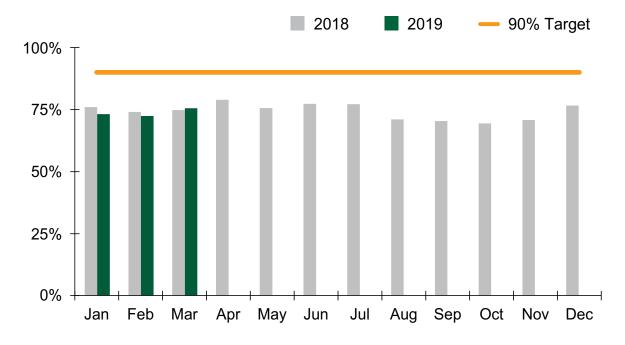
Figure 2: Royal Perth Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### Armadale Health Service

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
5,396	total emergency department attendances	1	5.7%	increase or 290 more emergency department attendances
75.6%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.7%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
37.9%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	6.2%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
48.7%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	6.9%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
83.0%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.7%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.9%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	•	0.4%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

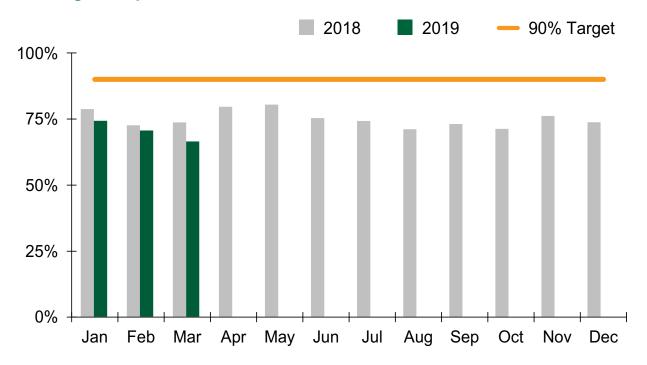
Figure 3: Armadale Health Service – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### St John of God Midland Public Hospital

March 2019				Compared to March 2018
6,682	total emergency department attendances	•	10.9%	increase or 655 more emergency department attendances
66.6%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	7.2%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
41.9%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	13.5%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
40.6%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	15.3%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
77.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	+	6.1%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.4%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.6%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 4: St John of God Midland Public Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less

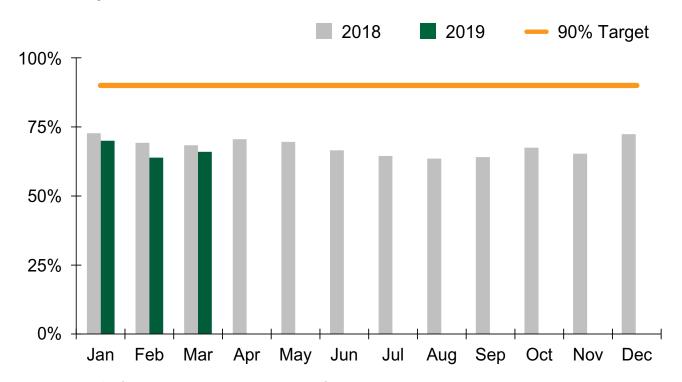




#### Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
6,379	total emergency department attendances	•	6.9%	increase or 410 more emergency department attendances
66.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	2.4%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
57.2%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	1.3%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
26.4%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	10.5%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
76.3%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	6.1%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.5%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	•	0.7%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

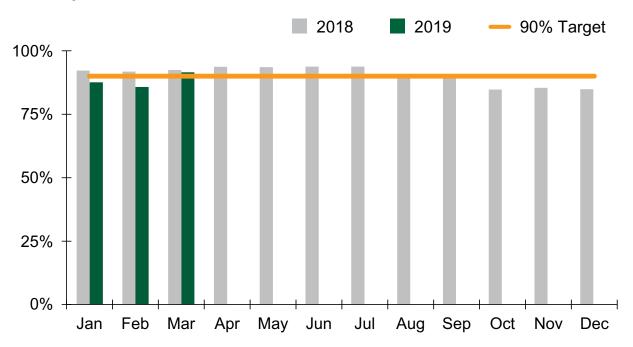
Figure 5: Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### King Edward Memorial Hospital

March 2019				Compared to March 2018
958	total emergency department attendances	•	4.3%	decrease or 43 less emergency department attendances
91.9%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.8%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
77.9%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>		3.7%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
92.9%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	15.1%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
94.1%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.4%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	<b>*</b>	0.0%	no change in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

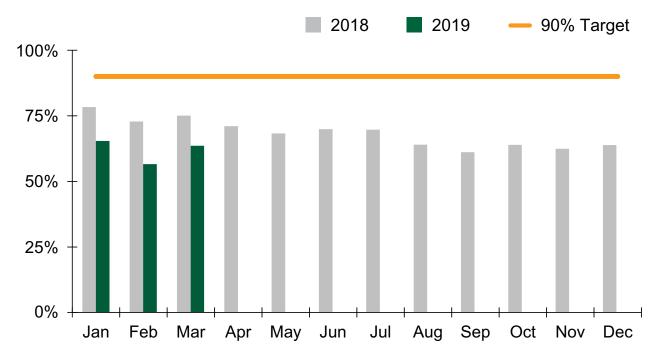
Figure 6: King Edward Memorial Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### Joondalup Health Campus

March 2019				Compared to March 2018
8,799	total emergency department attendances	•	2.6%	increase or 222 more emergency department attendances
63.7%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	11.5%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
45.2%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	18.3%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
59.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	5.0%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
72.2%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	11.7%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.7%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	•	0.3%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 7: Joondalup Health Campus – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less

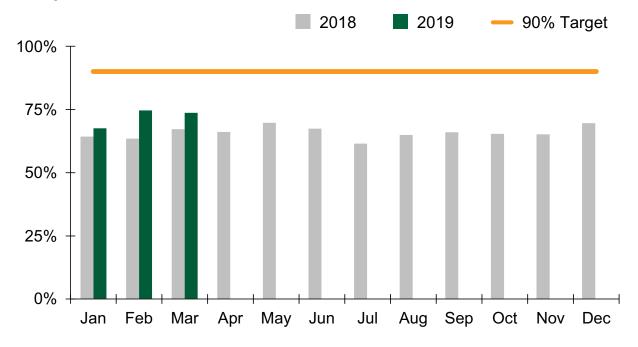




#### Fiona Stanley Hospital

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
9,743	total emergency department attendances	•	6.3%	increase or 574 more emergency department attendances
73.9%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	6.5%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
60.5%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	12.8%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
47.4%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	9.5%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
81.9%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.3%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.3%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department		0.1%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

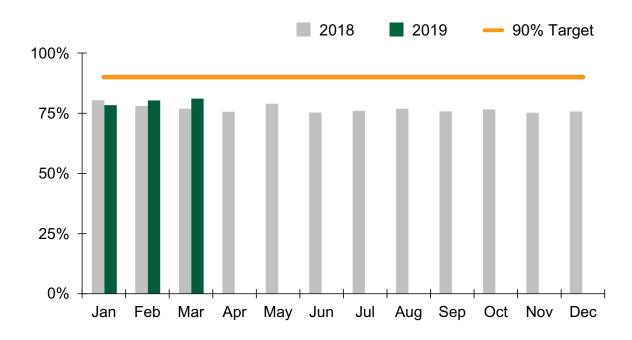
Figure 8: Fiona Stanley Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### Rockingham General Hospital

March 2019				Compared to March 2018
4,902	total emergency department attendances	•	3.1%	increase or 149 more emergency department attendances
81.3%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	4.2%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
53.8%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	6.7%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
60.7%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	11.7%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
88.6%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	2.7%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.3%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

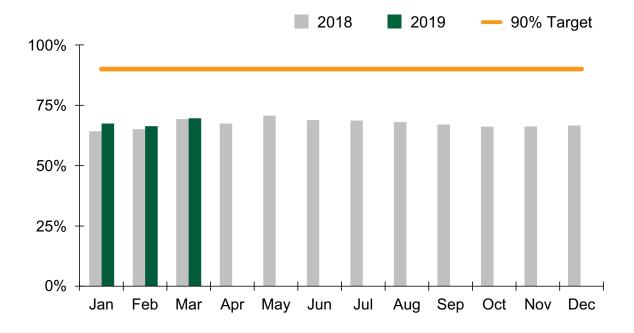
Figure 9: Rockingham General Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less

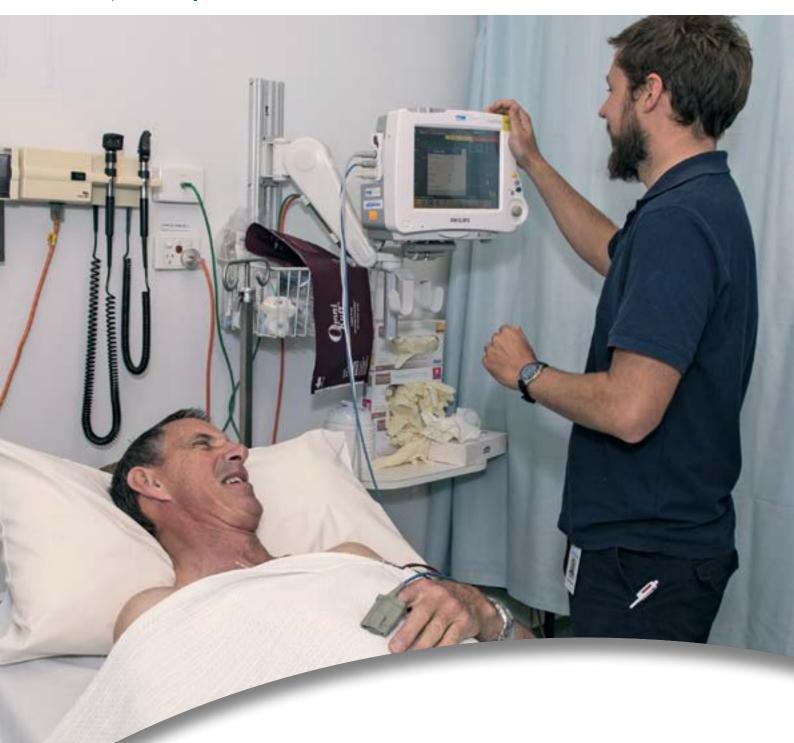


#### Peel Health Campus

March 2019				Compared to March 2018
3,751	total emergency department attendances	•	0.3%	decrease or 11 less emergency department attendances
69.9%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.4%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
50.0%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	1.7%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
39.6%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	6.0%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
78.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.1%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.8%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.8%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 10: Peel Health Campus – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less





## **WA Country Health Service**

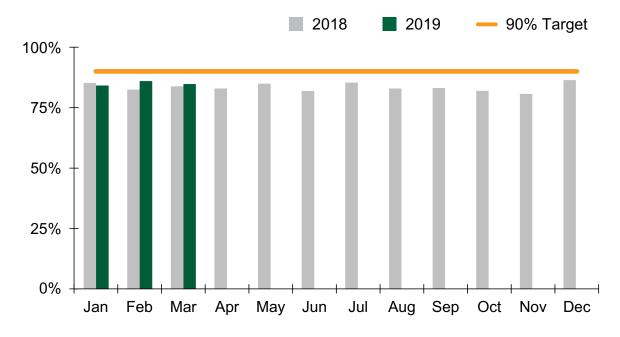
Albany Hospital
Broome Hospital
Bunbury Regional Hospital
Busselton Hospital
Carnarvon Hospital
Derby Hospital
Esperance Hospital
Geraldton Hospital

Hedland Health Campus
Kalgoorlie Hospital
Karratha Health Campus/
Nickol Bay Hospital
Kununurra Hospital
Narrogin Hospital
Northam Hospital

## Albany Hospital

March 2019				Compared to March 2018
2,281	total emergency department attendances	•	2.9%	increase or 64 more emergency department attendances
85.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.9%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
62.8%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.4%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
73.3%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	9.4%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
92.1%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.3%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.6%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	•	0.2%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

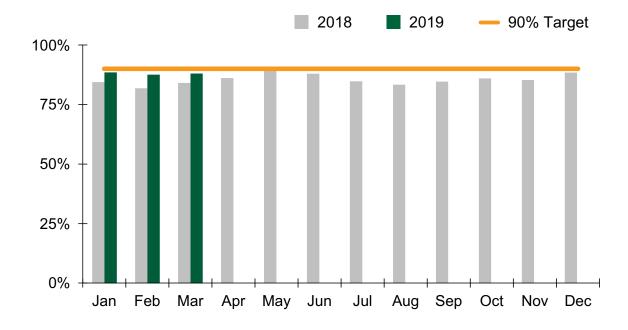
Figure 11: Albany Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## **Broome Hospital**

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
2,146	total emergency department attendances	•	5.3%	decrease or 120 less emergency department attendances
88.5%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	4.0%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
54.9%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	5.8%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
62.9%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	7.7%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
94.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.0%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	•	0.8%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

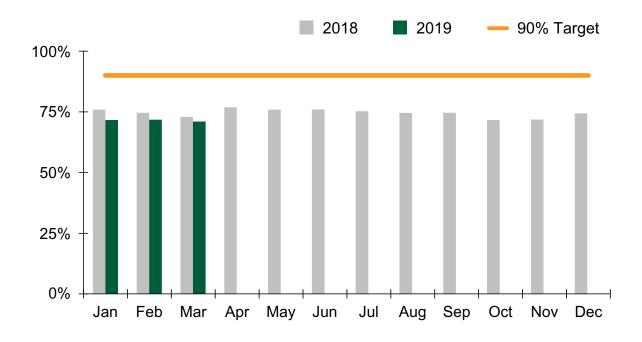
Figure 12: Broome Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### **Bunbury Regional Hospital**

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
3,602	total emergency department attendances	•	6.3%	increase or 212 more emergency department attendances
71.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	1.9%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
53.4%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	6.9%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
40.5%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	4.1%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
79.8%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.5%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.5%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department		0.5%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

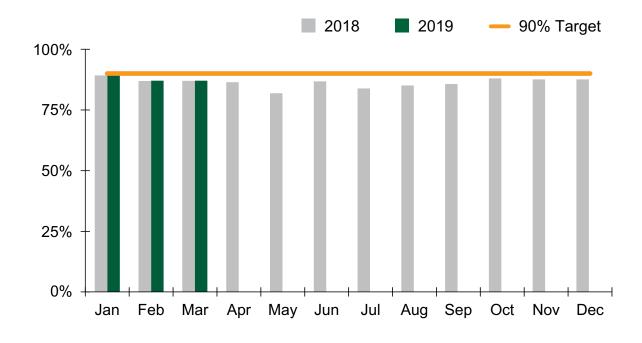
Figure 13: Bunbury Regional Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## **Busselton Hospital**

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
2,014	total emergency department attendances	•	7.8%	increase or 146 more emergency department attendances
87.3%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	<b>⇔</b>	0.0%	no change in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
59.1%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	6.4%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
56.5%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	8.7%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
92.9%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.9%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.1%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.4%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

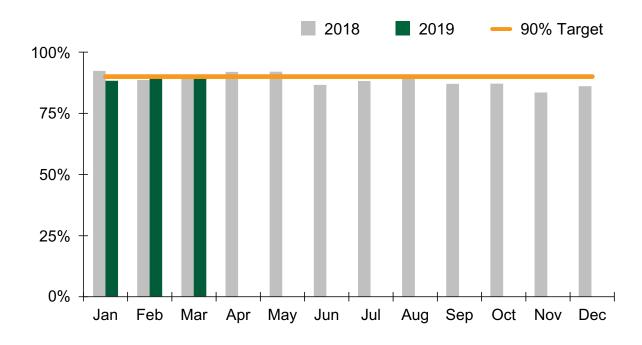
Figure 14: Busselton Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## Carnarvon Hospital

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
775	total emergency department attendances	•	3.0%	decrease or 24 less emergency department attendances
89.5%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	1.4%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
54.2%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	+	4.5%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
28.6%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.6%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
93.1%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	1.1%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less1
2.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.04%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

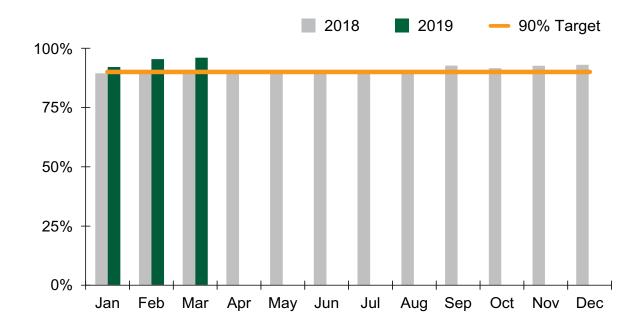
Figure 15: Carnarvon Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### **Derby Hospital**

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
1,117	total emergency department attendances	•	10.0%	decrease or 124 less emergency department attendances
96.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	5.2%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
77.0%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	19.4%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
75.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	19.4%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
98.0%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	3.2%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	•	0.9%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

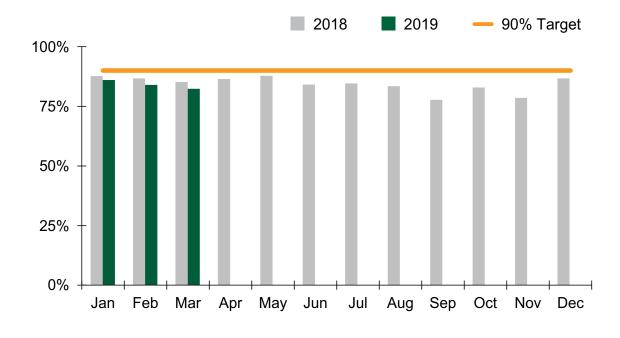
Figure 16: Derby Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## **Esperance Hospital**

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
847	total emergency department attendances	•	1.9%	decrease or 16 less emergency department attendances
82.5%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	2.9%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
42.4%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	6.7%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
30.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	2.0%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
88.5%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	4.2%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
5.6%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	3.7%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

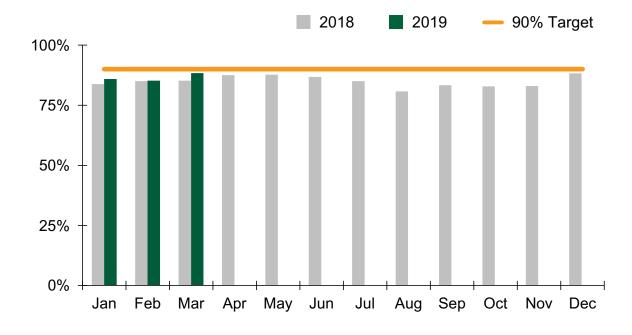
Figure 17: Esperance Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## Geraldton Hospital

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
2,564	total emergency department attendances	1	1.8%	increase or 45 more emergency department attendances
88.4%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	2.6%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
80.4%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	4.0%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
30.8%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	12.6%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
91.4%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	2.0%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.6%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.04%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

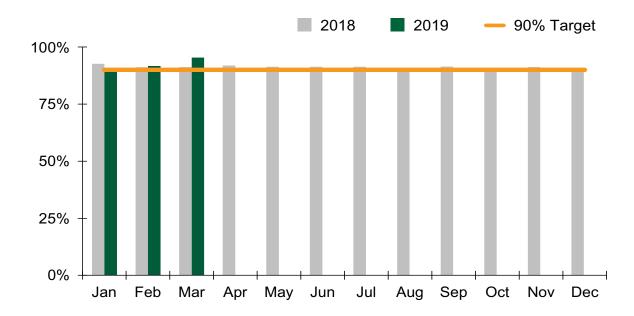
Figure 18: Geraldton Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### **Hedland Health Campus**

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
1,913	total emergency department attendances		7.2%	decrease or 148 less emergency department attendances
95.4%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	4.2%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less¹
72.5%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	8.6%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
85.7%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	31.9%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
98.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	3.1%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.4%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.1%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

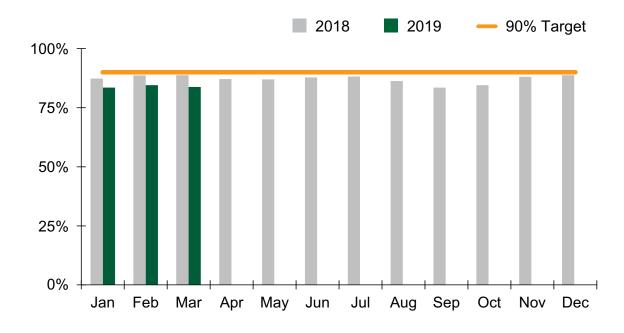
Figure 19: Hedland Health Campus – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## Kalgoorlie Hospital

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
2,247	total emergency department attendances	•	2.4%	increase or 53 more emergency department attendances
83.8%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	4.9%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
47.6%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>		11.8%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
75.0%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	7.4%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less¹
91.1%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	2.6%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.4%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	1.0%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

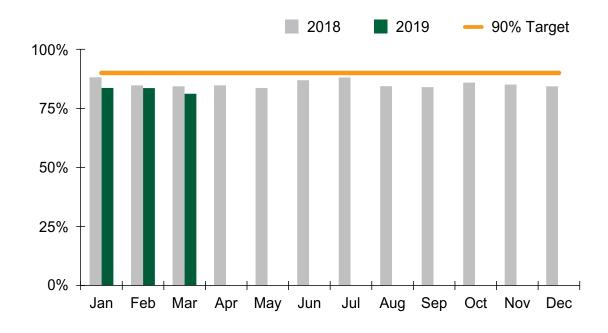
Figure 20: Kalgoorlie Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### Karratha Health Campus/Nickol Bay Hospital

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
1,595	total emergency department attendances	•	3.2%	decrease or 53 less emergency department attendances
81.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.2%	decrease in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
29.0%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	8.8%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
28.1%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	11.9%	decrease in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
87.7%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	2.6%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
0.8%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.4%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

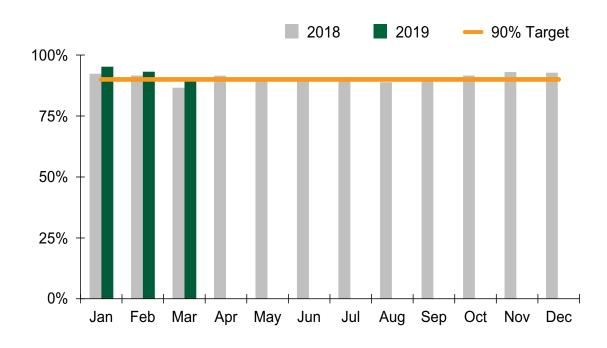
Figure 21: Karratha Health Campus/Nickol Bay Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## Kununurra Hospital

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
1,264	total emergency department attendances	•	4.8%	increase or 58 more emergency department attendances
90.7%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	4.0%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
60.0%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	11.4%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
93.3%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	65.3%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
94.8%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	1.6%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
2.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	1	0.6%	increase in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

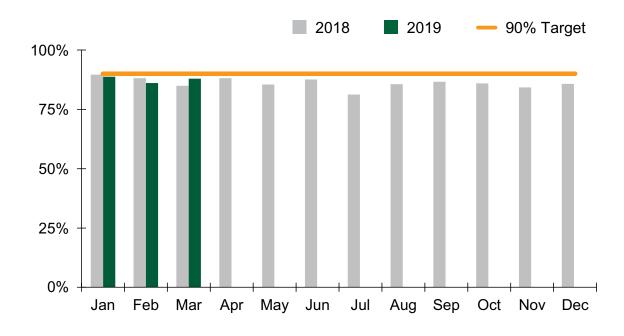
Figure 22: Kununurra Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## Narrogin Hospital

	March 2019			Compared to March 2018
679	total emergency department attendances	1	0.6%	increase or 4 more emergency department attendances
87.9%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.1%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
66.7%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	+	2.1%	decrease in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
59.1%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	29.1%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
94.3%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	1	3.0%	increase in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
1.6%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department		1.0%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

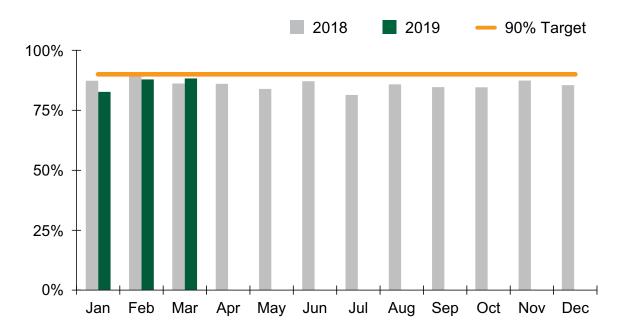
Figure 23: Narrogin Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



## Northam Hospital

March 2019		Compared to March 2018		
1,053	total emergency department attendances	•	4.6%	increase or 46 more emergency department attendances
88.2%	emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	2.1%	increase in emergency department attendances with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
77.8%	emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	11.8%	increase in emergency department admissions with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
65.4%	emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	3.8%	increase in emergency department transfers with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
91.6%	emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>	•	0.5%	decrease in emergency department departures with LOE of four hours or less <sup>1</sup>
2.0%	in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department	+	0.3%	decrease in in-hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department

Figure 24: Northam Hospital – Percentage of ED attendances with length of episode of four hours or less



#### Notes:

Figures shown in the tables are preliminary and subject to change due to record review.

The target for all sites is 90% for 2019 and has been implemented as a part of the Western Australia Emergency Access Target (WEAT).

WA health system refers to the public health system in WA as defined in Section 19(1) of the Health Services Act 2016. The WA health system comprises the Department of Health, Health Service Providers and contracted health entities 'CHE' (to the extent that CHE provide health services to the State).

- Contracted Health Entities are Joondalup Health Campus, Peel Health Campus and SJOG Midland Hospital.
- Figures are rounded to one decimal place. The variance is calculated using actual numbers that contain more than one decimal place, therefore the variance presented may be slightly different to those calculated using the rounded figures.
- Length of Episode refers to the duration in the emergency department which is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient leaves the emergency department.

# Western Australia Emergency Access Target (WEAT) – Reporting Data Definitions and Business Rules

1: Emergency department attendances	
Definition:	The total number of all emergency department (ED) attendances.
Guide for use:	Includes all episodes where a patient presented at the emergency department and was registered in any manner in one of the electronic data collection systems.
Purpose:	To provide a fundamental measure of activity levels within emergency departments.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	Emergency Department Data Collection (EDDC) (02/04/2019).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

2: Emergency department attendances with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less	
<b>Definition:</b> The percentage of all emergency department attendances where the time to admit, transfer or discharge the patient from the emergency department was within four ho of their presentation.	
Guide for use:	Includes all valid attendances.  Excludes patients that had an invalid presentation or departure time.  Data is expressed as a percentage.  Length of episode is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient leaves the emergency department.
Purpose:	To monitor and improve timely access to emergency care for all emergency department attendances.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	Emergency Department Data Collection (EDDC) (02/04/2019).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

3: Emergency department admissions with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less	
Definition:	The percentage of all admissions from the emergency department where the time to admit the patient to a ward was within four hours of their presentation.
Guide for use:	An admission process is the process whereby the hospital accepts responsibility for the patient's care and/or treatment.  Includes all attendances that were admitted.  Excludes patients that had an invalid presentation or departure time.  Data is expressed as a percentage.
	Length of episode is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient leaves the emergency department by being admitted to a ward (including Short Stay Unit).
Purpose:	To monitor and improve timely access to emergency care for emergency department patients who are admitted to a hospital inpatient ward.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	Emergency Department Data Collection (EDDC) (02/04/2019).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

4: Emergency department transfers with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less	
Definition:	The percentage of all emergency department transfers where the time to transfer the patient to another hospital was within four hours of their presentation.
Guide for use:	Includes all attendances that were transferred to another hospital on ED departure.  Excludes records with an invalid presentation or departure time.  Data is expressed as a percentage.  Length of episode is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient leaves the emergency department to be transferred to another hospital.
Purpose:	To monitor and improve timely access to emergency care for emergency department patients who are transferred to another hospital.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	Emergency Department Data Collection (EDDC) (02/04/2019).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

5: Emergency department departures with length of episode (LOE) of four hours or less	
Definition:	The percentage of emergency attendances who were discharged to home within four hours of their presentation.
Guide for use:	Includes all attendances that were not admitted or transferred.  Excludes records with an invalid presentation or departure time.  Data is expressed as a percentage.  Length of episode is counted from the time the patient presents to a staff member (nurse, clerk, etc.) to the time the patient is discharged from the emergency department.
Purpose:	To monitor and improve timely access to emergency care for emergency department patients who are discharged to home.
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.
Data extraction:	Emergency Department Data Collection (EDDC) (02/04/2019).
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.

6: Percentage of in hospital mortality for admissions from emergency department		
Definition:	The percentage of hospital inpatients who were admitted from emergency department and subsequently deceased during the hospital stay.	
Guide for use:	Excludes patients that are deceased in the emergency department who are not admitted and patients directly admitted to a hospital ward.	
Purpose:	To monitor and improve quality of care for patients who are admitted to a hospital inpatient ward from emergency department.	
Includes:	All participating WEAT hospitals. Refer to page 2.	
Excludes:	All other public and private hospitals.	
Data source:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.	
Data extraction:	Inpatient Activity (01/04/2019).	
Report prepared by:	Purchasing and System Performance Division, Department of Health, WA.	

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